



JUSTICE AND RIGHT

VOLUME XXXIX

GRAYLING, MICHIGAN, AUGUST 2, 1917.

OSCAR P. SCHUMANN, Editor and Proprietor

NUMBER 31

FRIDAY and SATURDAY SPECIALS

ALL PLAIN OLIVES	Bottle Pickles, 15c	10c
25c size	20c	
15c size	10c	
10c size 3 for	25c	
Chili Sauce, 25c size	20c	
Chili Sauce, 15c size	12c	
All 20c can Beans	18c	
All 15c can Beans	13c	
Pork Sausages	15c	
Hog liver 3 for	25c	
Shoulder Pork	23c	
Rib Stew	13c	
Steak	20c to 30c	
Veal Stew	16c	
Butter	36c	

No more goods left if not paid for when delivered.

STRICTLY CASH MARKET

F. H. Milks

Phone No. 2

Splendid Entertainment and Music at Chautauqua, Next Week.

The indications point to this being an unusually successful Chautauqua year, and the Community program which is to be given in Grayling for five days August 8 to August 12 inclusive, includes a splendid list of attractions.

Special features of the Chautauqua this year will be "Patriotic Day," and the Junior Chautauqua for boys and girls. Many children have already earned the money to pay for their Chautauqua tickets and as a reward will receive a special badge from the playground supervisor on her arrival.

Musically the program this year is exceptionally strong. There will be the Mrs. Wilbur Starr Concert Party, composed of four highly talented and experienced ladies, using the violin, piano, cello, and flute, and varying their instrumental program with vocal selections, pianolouges, reading and costume numbers.

Then we have this year for the first time a company of negro jubilee singers, under the leadership of W. A. Mann, giving the soulful tunes of the old plantations and the wonderfully soothing melodies of the southland; music such as can be heard no place else in the world except from the lips of the American darkey.

On the third day are Mr. and Mrs. Emerson Winters, entertainers of quality, who are original, versatile and talented. Their program consists of readings, including both the ridiculous and serious, character sketches in costume, piano monologues in great variety, while Mrs. Winters gives her famous bird songs and whistling solo.

And then comes band day with its most thrilling of all music. Our band this year is the best we have ever had on the Chautauqua, led by Francesca Pallaria, who is dynamic, dramatic and decidedly spectacular. For four years he played on the Battleship Kansas in the United States Navy. Since that time he has appeared with his band in nearly all of the large cities in this country. As one of the new papers reporting his work last summer said: "The clever little Italian director was a wizard. One minute he was at one end of the stage, and the next at the other and the slightest movement of his finger tip met with a ready response from the members of his band. It seemed as if the band was one huge instrument upon which Signor Pallaria played alone, so in harmony, so delicate and soft, and so powerfully superb were in the climaxes. Not only

will an officer will decide definitely which person shall be taken to the concentration camps. All appeals will be useless.

It is absolutely necessary that people should provide themselves in their own interests with eating and drinking utensils, as well as with a woolen blanket, strong shoes and linen. Any one attempting to evade transportation will be punished without mercy."

In his summary of the case Judge Weisler severely scored the two defendant attorneys and pronounced them both guilty of malpractice. His sentence was that they should be suspended from practicing law in Michigan for six months.

The case of embezzlement against Rhodes was dropped because of the non-appearance of the two principal witnesses.

Teachers' Examination.

The regular Teachers' examination will be held in the Court house at Grayling on Thursday, Friday and Saturday, August 9th, 10th and 11th.

Questions in reading will be based on reading as outlined in the Course of Study for elementary schools and Course of Study for Normal training classes. Part of the questions in physiology and in grammar will be based on the reading circle books for 1917.

Jas. A. Kalash, Com. of Schools.

Ask Anyone Who Has Used It.

There are families who always aim to keep a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhea remedy in the house for use in case it is needed, and find that it is not only a good investment, but saves them no end of suffering. As to its reliability, ask anyone who has used it.

H. Petersen, GROCER
Phone No. 25

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE AVALANCHE.

GAYLORD ATTORNEYS SUSPENDED FROM PRACTICE OF LAW.

After Trial Before Judge Weisler of Lansing Were Found Guilty of Malpractice.

Disbarment proceedings against Prosecuting Attorney William A. Harrington and Attorney John M. Rhodes, Gaylord, came up for hearing Monday afternoon before Judge Weisler of Lansing.

The charge against each is the suppression of evidence or in subordination of perjury. There was also a charge of embezzlement against Attorney Rhodes.

The first charge grew out of a suit against the Patrons Mutual Insurance company, which was sued by Henry Shields, an Otsego county farmer, for fire loss. Attorney Rhodes was attorney for Mr. Shields and Mr. Harrington counsel.

It also is alleged that Attorney Rhodes made certain collections and failed to turn over the money.

William T. Yeo, of West Branch, was appointed friend of the court by Judge Weisler.

Judge Weisler found each guilty of malpractice and for discipline suspended them from practicing law anywhere in Michigan for the period of six months.

Rhodes is a young attorney and a graduate from the Detroit school of law in 1915 and he began practice in Gaylord the same year, at the age of 23 years. Harrington has practiced 30 years and is Prosecuting Attorney of Otsego county. The charges in the trial were for disbarment were for suppression of evidence or subordination of perjury. This grew out of a case of Shields vs. Patrons Mutual Insurance company in which case these attorneys represented the plaintiff.

The most material witness in the trial were the defendants themselves, and the question of greatest importance was that in relation to a certain insurance policy that had been offered in evidence at the Shields-Patrons Mutual trial in April 1916. The respondents objected to it being received in evidence, claiming that it was not complete and that pages three and four were missing.

Plaintiff Shields was on the stand and swore that what was there was all of the policy. G.C. Liebrandt, attorney for the Company said page three contained the by-laws and page four a copy of the application and were a part of the policy. There being no evidence before the court to show that there was any part of the policy missing it was accepted, Judge Sharpe stating that if cross-examination proved that exhibit was not complete motion to withdraw would be granted. It was the missing part upon which the respondents depended for defense.

This part of the policy, it later developed was in the pocket of Attorney Harrington and had been detached before coming into court by Rhodes and himself. This was done to place the respondent at a disadvantage, it misled the court and caused the plaintiff to swear falsely unknowingly.

At first Rhodes appeared to evade the questions put to him on cross-examination and when finally cornered by the sharp questions put to him by Attorneys Carney of Kalamazoo and Yeo of West Branch, he admitted reluctantly that he had done wrong and stated that this was his first case in circuit court and that he was new at the business and also that he had been advised by Attorney Harrington to conceal part of the policy, in the manner in which it was done.

Mr. Harrington, on the stand, accepted the blame for himself and Rhodes and declared that he believed he was right in removing part of the policy and concealing the fact from the court.

In his summary of the case Judge Weisler severely scored the two defendant attorneys and pronounced them both guilty of malpractice. His sentence was that they should be suspended from practicing law in Michigan for six months.

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SUBSCRIBE FOR THE AVALANCHE.

Local Board for Crawford County, State of Michigan.

NOTICE OF CALL AND TO APPEAR FOR PHYSICAL EXAMINATION.

The following-named persons are hereby notified that, pursuant to the Act of Congress approved May 18, 1917, they are called for military service of the United States by this Local Board.

The serial number and the order number of each of such persons is shown below. They will report at the office of this Local Board for physical examination on the

6th Day of August, 1917, at Nine o'clock a.m.

Any claim for exemption or discharge must be made on forms which may be procured, or the form of which may be copied at the office of the Local Board, and must be filed at the office of this Local Board on or before the seventh day after the date of posting of this notice.

Your attention is called to the penalties for violation or evasion of the Selective Service Law approved May 18, 1917, and of the Rules and Regulations which may be consulted at this office.

Order Serial No. Name Address on Registration Card

1	258	Roy Orlando Milnes,	Grayling, Michigan
2	337	Ace Schram,	"
3	275	Bans Peter Wilhelm Nelson,	"
4	126	George Milton Collen,	"
5	107	Laudvs Christensen Bundgaard,	"
6	373	Thomas L. Wakeley,	Lovells, Grayling,
7	309	Clarence William Riggs,	Frederic,
8	43	Benjamin Harrison Horton,	Eldorado,
9	420	Fred Harrison Hartman,	Roscommon
10	10	Earnest Lynn Kite,	"
11	140	Roy Cruickshank,	Alger,
12	28	James Joseph Moriarity,	Roscommon
13	182	Hurry Hill,	Grayling,
14	46	Nicholas Kukto,	Frederic,
15	223	Anti Kemp,	Grayling,
16	117	Walter Franklin Barton,	"
17	300	Fred L. Lee,	Lovells,
18	75	John Rosky,	Dewar,
19	280	Hans Niederer,	Grayling,
20	332	Lee August Schmalz,	"
21	379	Carl C. Whiteford,	"
22	204	William David Hargrave,	Anderson,
23	298	Felix Puksta,	Indiana
24	343	Alfred Sorenson,	Michigan
25	15	Albert Moon,	"
26	355	Charles Alonso Traier,	"
27	218	Rikhart Kuitunen,	"
28	31	Samuel Cantrell,	Frederic
WILLIAM H. COV, Chairman.		MELVIN A. BATES, Clerk.	

Date of posting of notice First, August, 1917.

Notice of Call and to Appear for Physical Examination

The serial number and the order number of each of such persons is shown below. They will report at the office of this Local Board for physical examination on the

7th Day of August, 1917, at Nine o'clock a.m.

Order Serial No. Name Address on Registration Card

29	183	John Hills,	Grayling, Michigan
30	56	Stanley Magarsky,	Frederic,
31	5	Rudolph Danicek,	Grayling,
32	350	James Isaac Somerville,	"
33	54	John Middleton,	Frederic,
34	269	Arthur Clifton McIntyre,	Grayling,
35	335	Lawrence Shellenberger,	Roscommon
36	341	Matt Salo,	Grayling,
37	391	Michael D. McCormick,	Lovells,
38	353	John Sweeney,	Chicago, Illinois
39	360	Elmer Clark Votor,	Anderson, Indiana
40	72	Otta Weaver,	Frederic, Michigan
41	356	Carl A. Thurston,	Grayling,
42	112	Ransom William Burgess,	"
43	128	Robert Conway,	"
44	11	Loren Moon,	"
45	363	Tolvo Viihinen,	"
46	6	Phillip Joseph Florchick,	Roscommon
47	327	Cletus St. Pierre,	Grayling,
48	93	George Frederic Bugby,	"
49	345	Adam Swiderski,	"
50	103	Floyd Beach,	"
51	154	Adolph Erholz,	Duluth, Minnesota
52	51	Peter Leshok,	Not given.
53	30	Samuel C. Corning,	Minneapolis, Minn.
54	199	Carl John Jenson,	Grayling, Michigan
55	388	Carl Kellogg,	Lovells,
WILLIAM H. COV, Chairman.		MELVIN A. BATES, Clerk.	

Date of posting of notice First, August, 1917.

STRIKE OF MINERS PLOT TO HAMPER U.S.

I. W. W. AGITATORS SUCCEED IN CAUSING WALKOUT IN UPPER PENINSULA.

DEMAND \$6 FOR SIX HOUR DAY

Declare Force Will Be Used to Prevent Mines From Being Operated By Strike Breakers.

Bessmer, Mich.—Treason, calling itself the Industrial Workers of the World, has struck to break the right arm of American industry in this war and cripple American ship-building, American shell-making, American war-winning.

Unheeded by the booming of great guns or the dash of soldiers "going over the top," the I. W. W.'s drive to close the great iron mines of the Gogebic range began Monday morning with the strike of the miners at the Colby-Ironton and Yale mines.

In itself, compared to the number of men at work on the range, the numbers are not the significant thing here. The sinister aspect of the thing is what they represent, the I. W. W., and the fact that the I. W. W. has been passing treason into the ears of the miners through all the iron and copper country.

At a meeting Sunday, which was attended by 300 miners, a general strike was ordered by a vote of 189 to 30. A number present did not vote.

The strikers declared that force would be used to prevent the mines from being operated by strike breakers.

To assist in quelling disorders the mounted constabulary of the state arrived here to take charge of the situation. These men were sent to the district by the action of Governor A. E. Sleeper, who acquainted himself with the conditions here in a personal visit last week.

Mine superintendents, the police and the sheriff have sworn in a large number of deputies.

Mine owners declared they could not meet the demands of the men which include wages of \$6 for six hours work a day for underground workers and \$4 for eight hour work on the surface.

ARMY NEEDS 24,000 DOCTORS

Two Out of Every Nine, 22 to 55 Years Old, Will Be Called:

Washington—Fully 24,000 physicians, or two out of every nine of military age in the country, will be needed by the new American armies; the war department announced, in addition to 120,000 enlisted men who must be procured for the medical corps.

Half of these physicians and enlisted men will be needed by October 1. They already are going into training camps to fit them for service at the rate of 200 a day at Fort Riley, Kan.; Fort Benjamin Harrison, Ind.; Fort Oglethorpe, Ga.; Fort Des Moines, Ia., and Allentown, Pa.

Three months' training is given the officers and men. About 13,500 officers and men are now under training at these camps.

The demand for physicians is probably the heaviest made by the war on any profession and the department says the medical men of the country are meeting it readily.

There are approximately 90,000 physicians of military age, 22 to 55 years in the country. By a system of selection these will be mobilized and drawn from each community in proportion to the number available, so as not to leave any community without adequate protection.

After their three months' training a detachment of the medical officers for each regiment will be sent to each national army, national guard and regular army camp ahead of the troops to supervise preparations necessary for safeguarding health.

BRITISH WARSHIP TORPEDOED

Thirty-eight Die When 11,000 Ton Cruiser Is Sunk.

London—The British cruiser Ariadne, of 11,000 tons, has been torpedoed and sunk, according to an official statement issued by the British admiralty. Thirty-eight of the Ariadne's crew were killed by the explosion. All others were saved.

The Ariadne was an old ship built in 1888. She was 450 feet long, 69 feet beam and had a maximum draft of 27 1/2 feet. Her complement consisted of 67 officers and men.

The Ariadne carried 16-inch guns, 12 12-pounders and a number of smaller guns. She was also equipped with two submerged 18-inch torpedo tubes.

Howell—Thomas Mitchell, 60 years old, is dead from self-inflicted revolver wounds.

Grand Rapids—At a meeting of the state horticultural board Robert D. Graham presented the state with 50 acres of orchard land to be used as a state experimental farm. The land is situated in Walker township, is under cultivation and is already stocked with fruit trees. It is to be known as the Graham Horticultural farm. An expert will be employed and \$20,000 is to be expended in improvements.

Port Huron—Reports from Judge Hart, of the juvenile court, and the police show that boy thieves are on the reform in Port Huron. No arrests have been made in a month, whereas eight or ten a week has been the former record.

Jackson—Valentine Boothe, 12 years old, tried to save her cousin, Elgin J. Hammer, seven years old, when he stepped beyond his depth at the Van Dyke amusement resort south of town. They both drowned. The girl was given oxygen five weeks ago to save her life.

MICHIGAN BREVITIES

Saginaw—A local hotel has advertised for elevator girls as a result of war shortage of help.

Flint—State Christian Endeavor societies numbering 600 will meet here in annual convention August 22 to 26.

Lapeer—Lapeer county has been organized for supervised child play by the American Playground and Recreation association.

Kalamazoo—H. E. Hapner, 25 years old, Fort Wayne, Ind., G. R. & I. fireman, was killed when he leaped from his cab near Plainwell. A bridge standard hurled him into the Kalamazoo river.

Port Huron—An 18-foot concrete road will be constructed at once between Gratiot Inn and the Sanilac county line. It will be continued through Huron, Tuscola and Bay counties to Bay City.

Adrian—Willard A. Collins, of Palmyra township, was the first man in Lenawee county to be prosecuted for driving an automobile while under the influence of intoxicating liquor.

Within 36 hours after paying a \$50 fine and costs he was in jail again charged with a second violation for which he paid an additional \$50 and costs. He was also sent to jail for 10 days.

Detroit—Henry Ford has filed a bill of complaint in his \$1,000,000 libel suit against the Chicago Tribune in the circuit court. The Solomon News company, of Detroit, is named co-defendant. The libel suit grew out of a story printed by the Chicago paper in which, it is charged, Mr. Ford was accused of having told employees of his company they would be discharged if they joined the National Guard. Editorial comment which followed also is cited in the complaint.

Lawrence—Fred Wright, believed to have been despondent over the draft, killed himself. This is the second self-inflicted death to occur here in a week.

Port Huron—Mrs. David McMullan has purchased 500 pounds of yarn from Canadian mills at \$1.35 a pound for Red Cross workers. Wool supply houses in the United States asked \$2 a pound.

Benton Harbor—Lightning killed John Duke, Omaha, while he was bathing at Lakeside, a village north of here. Frederick Rien, Chicago, a companion, was revived by first aid treatment.

Pontiac—Company E is recruited to within a few men of its war strength. At the armory it was said that 29 men are in training here, waiting for uniforms and equipment before joining the company at Fort Brady.

Ypsilanti—Convocation exercises will be held for the summer-normal graduates August 2 at Pease auditorium. Professor F. B. Pearson, state superintendent of public instruction of Ohio, will speak on "World Building."

Holland—Milton, 9-year-old son of Peter Ossewaarde, a Zeeland merchant, was drowned while swimming in Black lake. His frightened companion Simon Wijerd, ran a distance of two miles to Zeeheld to summon help. The body was recovered.

Iron Mountain—Ruby Carey, 11 years old, was killed and Edna and Florence Carey, 7- and 8-years old, respectively, daughters of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Carey, were seriously injured, when an auto in which they were riding was struck by a Chicago Milwaukee & St. Paul train.

Ann Arbor—A wholesale poisoning some time next winter, was averted. A local woman went into a drug store and asked for a small quantity of deadly poison, explaining to the clerk that she was putting up fruits and vegetables, and intended using the drug as a preservative. The clerk turned faint, for the drug is not only deadly, but violent in its effects. She had mistaken the name of the drug to be used.

Yale—The Mennonite Brethren in Christ will hold their state camp meeting at Yale from August 21 to 2.

St. Louis—The dates of the Gratiot county fairs are Aug. 28, 29, 30 and 31. Night shows and the short ship races are the features.

Port Huron—Plans for the construction of additional building to the Grand Trunk shops now being erected have been received by the superintendent of construction.

Muskegon—Samuel T. Cramblett has successfully passed the rigid examination for the aviation crops at Fort Benjamin Harrison, having received his commission as captain.

Step in Making the Army.

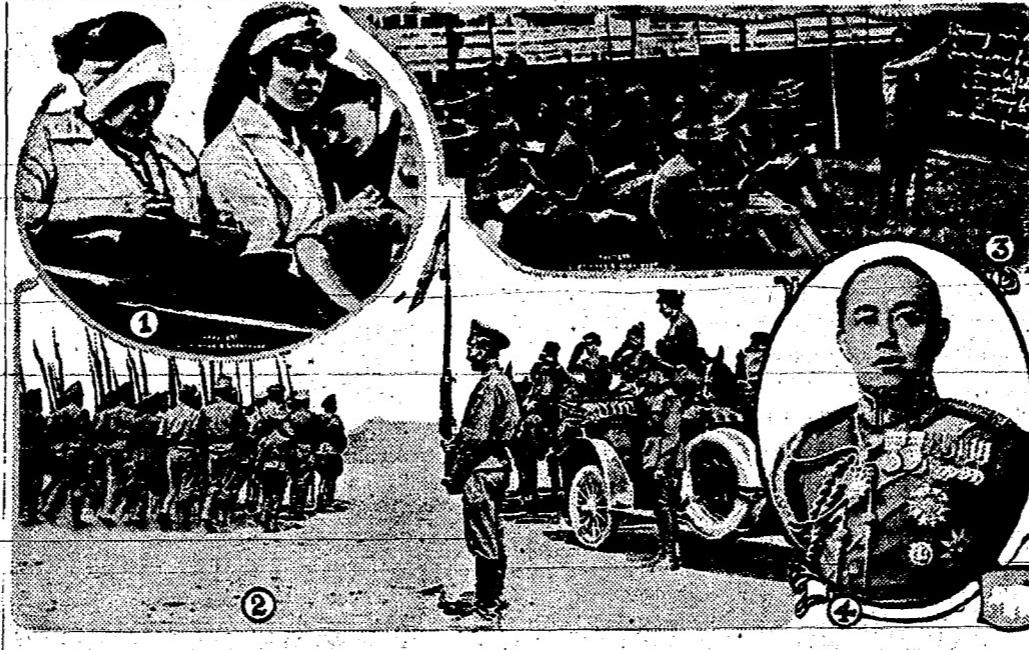
The need for many vessels is emphasized by the semi-official announcement that the United States plans to send to Europe not only 500,000 men, but more than a million as soon as they can be trained and equipped and as fast as transports can be obtained to carry them across. Two more steps in the making of this great army were taken last week. The men drafted for the national army began to receive their calls before the exemption boards, the city of Washington leading the way, and the National Guard of 10 states and the District of Columbia was mobilized to be taken into the federal service. After a few weeks of intensive training in camps, the best of the guardsmen will be sent to France to prepare for the spring offensive.

Muskegon—Carrying out its threat to handle all of the coal used by the public schools itself, in aid of work in with dealers, the board of education is now enlarging bins in various buildings here. A vessel will be chartered and coal shipped direct to Muskegon.

Port Huron—The body of Edward Johnson, 50 years old, St. Clair township farmer, was recovered from Smith creek. It is believed he died from cramps while swimming after some cattle which had strayed away from the farm.

Muskegon—Although the early crop of potatoes in Muskegon county is small, the result of unfavorable weather, the later crop appears to be many times that of last year, so enormous have been the plantings.

Saginaw—Someone walked off with a bronze fountain at Marion-Whittemore dormitory some months ago. Now E. C. Mershon, one of the donors of the dormitory, and W. D. Paddock, a New York artist, who designed the fountain, have offered to pay half the cost of installing another one. The city will accept the offer.



NEWS REVIEW OF THE PAST WEEK

Secretary McAdoo Startles Congress by Asking \$5,000,000 More for War.

TRANSPORT PROBLEM IS BIG

Shipping Board Quarrel Ended by Change of Personnel—Russia's Military Collapse in Galicia Complete—French Repulse Tremendous German Attacks.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD.

The United States is having impress upon it the magnitude of the task in which it has embarked, and is beginning to realize that it must be fought through to a victorious finish at tremendous cost in money, energy and difficulties.

The manager and treasurer and General Staff ordered his loyal troops to shoot down any who deserved or refused to obey orders, but this was ineffectual to

overcome the disorder. Standard Oil and other important cities were evacuated, and from the wounded Carpathians to the region of Tarnopol the country was full of long columns of fleeing Russians on which the Teuton field guns played with merciless

shrapnel.

One story from Petrograd told how loyal troops in Kornilov's army blew to pieces an entire mutinous division with its own guns.

On the demand of the military commanders at the front, the provisional government has again put in force capital punishment for treason, which was abolished at the time of the revolution.

However, this second great Russian slump, serious though it be, is not fatal. Kerensky and his colleagues are determined to rid their country of the German agents and their traitorous Russian allies. Leuen, the chief of the latter, is already under arrest, and it is believed he will be either executed as an agent of the German general staff or at least isolated as insane.

Russians and their friends still believe their new republic will emerge triumphant from the chaotic conditions that now hold it almost helpless.

The "Guard of Death" the battalion of Russian women raised by Vera Butchareff, was in action on Tuesday for the first time, at Krevo. The women fought well, gaining the respect of the male soldiers.

No Military Success for Germany.

Germany has scored no real military success of moment for a long time. The Gallcrat affair is not a success of arms, and though the kaiser

decorated some of his commanders there, they gained no glory by the pursuit of mutinous and disorganized troops.

Rather should Wilhelm have bestowed his decorations upon the spies who stirred up the insubordination.

In the Champagne region the crown prince buried his troops against the French lines with the utmost recklessness all week long, but the only result was tremendous losses for the Germans, for the pollux were indomitable and if now and then their line was bent, they counter-attacked so furiously that the Teuton could not hold his small gains more than an hour or so.

In some places, especially on the Califorme plateau, the French advanced their lines considerably and repulsed all attempts to drive them from the new positions.

Germany's hubbub over peace terms and internal reforms has沉没 down to a discontented discussion of Chancellor Michael's intentions and policies, based on his speech to the Reichstag, which is universally admitted to have been ambiguous and even secretive. As has been said before, the political upheaval there doesn't bring appreciably nearer the end of the war. Many of the opposition leaders and newspapers more than hint that the U-boat campaign is really a failure in that it is not starving England, and they realize that its continuance is reducing daily the number of friends Germany will have after peace is concluded. But the military

leaders of Prussia can't let go of that weapon, and the masses of the Ger-

many people, who have an astonishing capacity for self-deception, evince no desire to throw these militarists out and save their empire from ultimate disaster.

Slam John Kaiser's Face.

One of the one smaller nations of the world are lining up with the enemies of the kaiser and despotic militarism. Far-away Slam is the latest addition to the list. German vessels in Slavonian ports were seized and German citizens were interned.

The influence of every country that comes in on the side of freedom and justice will be felt, if not strongly now, at least after the war is ended. The Teutonic economists well know this,

and even now are holding a conference on post-war conditions, seemingly still hopeful that their armies can bring about the realization of that dream of a "Mittel Europa" that would be self-sustaining and self-contained and that would always threaten the peace of the rest of the world.

The frustration of the Teutons' aims will be felt, if not strongly now, at least after the war is ended. The Teutonic economists well know this, and even now are holding a conference on post-war conditions, seemingly still hopeful that their armies can bring about the realization of that dream of a "Mittel Europa" that would be self-sustaining and self-contained and that would always threaten the peace of the rest of the world.

The accident board was reversed when the court ruled that herein, unless accompanied by an untoward accident, is not within the scope of the workingmen's compensation law.

The case was that of John Kutschmar against the Briggs Manufacturing Co.

The coal-loading machine of the Wabash railroad at Delray exploded

not to be a nuisance.

Another important decision was a

Michigan local option case in which John Holt was convicted for perjury in his automobile for personal use. The court held the

law did not cover such transportation.

A new trial was ordered for the killing of Mrs. Florence Spreng, 86 years old, by the D. U. R. on Oakwood avenue, Detroit, two years ago.

The verdict of the supreme court upholding the constitutionality of the Covert road law makes possible the completion of several good roads which are important to Detroit and Pontiac motorists.

Chief among them is a strip of five and a half miles of concrete in Farmington township running into West Bloomfield, which will complete a full circuit of improved highway, using the Grand River and Woodward avenue roads; a stretch of 14 1/2 miles of gravel from Birmingham into Orion township a concrete road out the Elizabeth Lake road into the lake district and a part of the old territorial road near Clarkston, which will improve the route to Flint.

Recruiting was given a big boost last week, partly by the announcement that drafted men would not be accepted as volunteers after they were called before the exemption boards, and partly by the concerted campaign of the American and British recruiting officers. The British mission is obtaining large numbers of enlistments in Chicago, New York and other large cities.

Despite the tremendous financial drain on the country due to war expenditures and in the face of fervid protests from Senators Borah, Kenyon, King and a few others, the Senate passed the annual rivers and harbors bill, carrying an appropriation of \$27,354,000. Only eleven members of the upper house dared to vote against this "pork" measure which, infatuated at any time, is especially so when the nation is engaged in a war that will demand all its resources.

Ireland's great opportunity is at hand. The convention to draft a new constitution is in session in London, with Sir Horace Plunkett in the chair, and if the delegates can reach an amicable and satisfactory agreement, the government of Great Britain is pledged to put it through. The result is in the hands of the Irish themselves.

Under whose jurisdiction the selective draft men will remain until they are transferred to the books of the adjutant general as soldiers, pointed out that the local boards actually were selected, not exemption board.

When they certify any man to the higher boards as fit for service, the man becomes a soldier and subject to soldier law.

It will be the duty of the provost marshal general from that time on to see that he complies with all army orders affecting him.

There are numerous details to be

MANY DECISIONS HANDED DOWN

THE ONE MOST WIDELY AFFECTING THE STATE IS THE COVERT ROAD ACT.

\$2,000,000 ROAD BONDS LEGAL

CRAWFORD AVALANCHE

PRINCIPAL EVENTS IN THIRD YEAR OF THE WAR

Aug. 1, 1916.—Merchantman U-boat Deutschland leaves Baltimore home-bound on first trip. Somme battle continues. Russians in heavy battle after crossing Stokhod river.

August 2.—Russians within ten miles of Kovel.

August 3.—French recapture part of Fleurie, near Verdun. Sir Roger Casement hanged in London for participation in Irish revolt.

August 4.—French take Thiaumont, near Verdun.

August 5.—British overwhelm Turks at Romani, near Suez canal.

August 6.—Russians cross rivers Sereth and Graberka and take six villages from Austrians.

August 8.—Russians take Gorizia bridgehead and capture 10,000 prisoners. Russian General Lethitzky takes two towns and many villages.

August 9.—Gorizia falls to Italians in great offensive. Austrians near Stanislau withdraw on wide front.

August 10.—Russians take Stanislau.

August 11.—Allies seize Dolara in Balkan drive.

August 13.—Russians evacuate line of the Strypa river.

August 14.—Russians capture Tustobaby.

August 15.—Russians take Jablonitzka, near Carpathian pass.

August 16.—Allies take three miles of trenches near the Somme. Announced Russians have taken 358,000 prisoners since June 4, 1916, when drive began.

August 18.—Russians advance three miles into Hungary.

August 20.—British advance on 11-mile front at Thiepval, near Somme river. Allies attack on 150-mile front in Balkans. Two British light cruisers and one or two German U-boats sink in North Sea battle.

August 22.—Announced big Russian contingent has landed at Salonic.

August 23.—The Deutschland reaches Bremen.

August 24.—Russians recapture Musch, Armenia.

August 27.—Romania declares war on Teutons and invades Transylvania. Italy formally declares war on Germany.

August 29.—Kaiser makes Von Hindenburg chief of staff of all German armies in place of Von Falkenhausen.

August 31.—Romanians cross Danube and occupy Rustchuk, Bulgaria. Austrians fall back in Transylvania.

September 2.—Romanians, far in Transylvania, take Hermannstadt. Zeppelins raid London and one is brought down in flames.

September 3.—Allies take three villages on Somme. Romanians capture Orsova, Austria. Germans and Bulgars invade the Dobruja.

September 4.—French take five more villages on Somme; allies' prisoners in two days, 6,000.

September 6.—Teutons take Danube city of Turtukai and 20,000 Romanians.

September 8.—Romanians and Russians drive for back a little in Dobruja.

September 10.—Teutons take Romanian fortress of Sisilia.

September 11.—British drive across Struma river in Balkans.

September 12.—Allies capture three-mile line on Somme. Romanians overwhelmed in Dobruja.

September 15.—British take German Somme positions on six-mile front. Use "tanks" for first time in warfare.

September 18.—Allies take Florina, Macedonia.

September 19.—Serbs fight their way back onto their own soil.

September 21.—Russians and Romanians announce they have thrown back the invaders in Dobruja.

September 22.—Announced allies took 55,800 prisoners in Somme battle between July 1 and September 18.

September 23.—Romanians in Dobruja driven back in disorder. Zeppepins invade England; one burned, another captured.

September 25.—Allies advance along 15-mile front on Somme. Venzelos leaves Athens to lead revolt against King Constantine.

September 26.—Allies take Combles and Thiepval in Somme battle.

September 30.—Von Falkenhayn routs Romanians at Hermannstadt, Transylvania.

October 1.—A Roumanian army crossed the Danube.

October 2.—Another Zeppelin shot down near London.

October 4.—Mackensen drives Roumanian invaders of Bulgaria back toward Danube.

October 5.—Romanians flee across the Danube. Serbs cross Cerna river in drive on Monastir.

October 7.—German submarine U-53 visits Newport, R. I., on mysterious mission. Sinks five ships of Narragansett Light night of October 7-8.

October 8.—Romanians driven back to Transylvanian frontier.

October 10.—Romanians in route through mountain passes.

October 11.—Greece turns over her fleet to France on allies' demand. Italians resuming Corso drive, take 5,000 prisoners.

October 22.—Romanians in Dobruja retreat hastily.

October 23.—Teutons occupy Constantza, principal Roumanian seaport. Germans throw Russians back across Naruyava river.

October 24.—French take 8,500 prisoners at Verdun.

SAVED BY BOOK OF SERMONS

Canadian Soldier Still Living Because He Had Volume in Pocket and Was Not Reading It.

From the trenches on the western front by way of Canada comes the story of a soldier's narrow escape from death and the levity displayed by a comrade, illustrating how viewpoints change when men get on the firing line.

Private Mac of an Alberta regiment

had a pious upbringing in his early home in Scotland, and his religious inclinations did not desert him when his family settled on a farm in western Canada. All through the war he has carried "Spurgeon's Sermons" in his breast pocket, and occasionally he does some preaching with his comrades in arms as the congregation.

Private G of the same regiment lacked the upbringing and the book of sermons, but possesses a sense of humor. The two were in a group resting and smoking when a shot from

a German sniper hit Private Mac in the breast, the bullet being deflected by the book.

Fearing that Mac was about to improve the occasion, G "beat him to it," and in a fair imitation of his friend's best preaching manner started in:

"Oh, dear friends, what a blessed thing it was that our dear brother wasn't a reader of his book of sermons—as he ought to have been—in-

stead of engaging in worldly conver-

sation with sinful soldier men. For if

dear Brother Mac had been a reader

of his book of sermons, where, oh,

where, my dear friends, would Brother Mac (priceless old thing) have been then?"

Chap and Good.

Some of the best foods are the cheapest. There are carrots, salsify, parsnips, lettuce and such stuff. They

have not advanced in price very much,

and they are the best food that grows,

says the Columbus (O.) State Journal.

Carrots have the rarest combination

of food qualities of anything that

grows. It is so healthful that it is said a steady diet of it will cure many distempers. Parsnips are cheap, good, wholesome. Anybody who doesn't like the taste of a parsnip has his palate put in wrong. Lettuce is cheap and a lettuce sandwich is royal food. Anyone who starves while these things are on the market, to be bought for a few cents, has not much of a claim on life. There is more health in them than in porterhouse steak or oyster cocktails. Some people affect to think they are a low-brow food, but

Pinsk—high tide in invasion of Russia.

September 24-25.—Allies in drive in France capture 25,000.

October 6.—Allies land at Salonika.

October 9.—Germans occupy Belgrade.

October 10.—Bulgaria attacks Serbia.

December 8.—Germany announces Serbia is entirely conquered.

December 10.—Allies evacuate Galipoli.

February 14, 1916.—Russians capture Erzerum, Turkey.

February 23.—Germans open Verdun offensive.

April 18.—Russians take Trebizond, Turkey.

April 24.—Irish revolt in Dublin.

April 28.—British besieged in Kut-el-Amara, Mesopotamia, surrendered.

May 30.—Battle of Jutland; 14 British and 18 German warships sunk.

June 5.—Lord Kitchener drowned when cruiser Hampshire is torpedoed north of Scotland.

June 17.—Russians take Lodziany from Austrians, but evacuated Kalisz.

July 17.—French took German trenches near Melancourt. Three members of Russian cabinet resigned; riots in Petrograd suppressed. Shake-up in British cabinet.

July 18.—Increased activity on Roumanian front; Russians took part of Novica.

July 19.—Great German attack between Craiova and Turbilesti partly successful. Chancellor Michaelis declared for submarine warfare. Russians driven back in Moldavia. Teutons made advances in Galicia.

July 20.—Arabs rebel from Turkey, capture Mecca; new kingdom established.

July 27.—British and French in great drive in west.

July 28.—Submarine merchantman Deutschland reaches Baltimore.

July 29.—Russians retake Brody, Ruthenia.

August 9.—Russians take Gorizia.

August 10.—Russians take Stanislau.

August 12.—Romania enters war on side of the Entente, and invades Transylvania.

September 6.—Germany begins great squeeze on Roumania.

November 10.—First great air battle of world's history; 67 British, French and German airplanes brought down.

December 5.—Teutons take Bucharest.

January 21.—President Wilson registers for American army draft. French and German airplanes brought down.

January 22.—German aviators rained England, killing 11 in coast towns, but were driven away from London. Stanislaus declared state of war with Germany and Austria-Hungary.

January 23.—Kerensky given absolute power as dictator of Russia. Germans lost heavily in attacks along the Chemin des Dames.

January 24.—Senate passed food control and aviation bills. Russians in disorderly retreat, burning villages.

January 25.—German aviators rained England, killing 11 in coast towns, but were driven away from London. Stanislaus declared state of war with Germany and Austria-Hungary.

January 26.—General Chang Hsuan-named dictator by royalists of China.

January 27.—Czar abdicates.

January 28.—Wilson signs congressional bill authorizing armament of United States.

January 29.—Wilson signs congressional bill authorizing armament of United States.

January 30.—Wilson signs congressional bill authorizing armament of United States.

January 31.—Germany declares ruthless submarine warfare on all ships whatever nationality in the war zones.

February 3.—United States severs diplomatic relations with Germany.

February 26.—President asks congress for authority to arm all American vessels.

February 28.—British capture Kut-el-Amara.

February 28.—Zimmermann note suggesting alliance of Mexico and Japan with Germany, against United States made public.

March 11.—British capture Bagdad.

March 11.—Russian revolution starts.

March 12.—British capture Baghdad, Russian revolution starts. Petrograd, Russia.

March 12.—German U-boat shells and sinks United States merchant ship Algonquin without warning.

March 13.—Wilson signs congressional bill authorizing armament of United States.

March 13.—King Constantine of Greece abdicates in favor of his son, Alexander, as counsellor of the allies.

March 13.—Greeks begin war on Germany.

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Agency for

TANLAC**Central Drug Store**

Grayling, Michigan

Crawford Avalanche

O. P. Schumann, Editor and Proprietor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Year.....\$1.50

Six Months.....75

Three Months.....40

Entered as second-class matter at the Post Office, Grayling, Mich., under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1873.

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, AUG. 2

**MICHIGAN CENTRAL FLIER WRECKED AT GRAYLING.**

Steel Coaches and Line of Box Cars Believed to Have Prevented Loss of Life.

South-bound Michigan Central train number 206, was wrecked a few rods north of the Dowel factory Tuesday afternoon, when a brake beam on the baggage car dropped down and derailed all the coaches.

Nobody was seriously injured. The newsboy had a badly bruised leg and it was not at first that it was broken. A colored man had some of his fingers smashed. Both these men were riding in the smoker at the time of the accident.

The train was running at nearly full speed at the time the accident occurred, and the fact that no casualties were to be reported is believed to be due to the steel coaches and also because of a line of box cars on the track toward which the coaches were tipped. The train ran ahead about fifteen rods before it could be stopped and as the coaches left they tore into the box cars, some of which were knocked off the track, but the coaches were saved from tipping over. When it was seen the condition of the wrecked train it seemed a miracle that nobody was killed.

A new train was soon made up and the passengers, baggage, mail and express were transferred and proceeded to Bay City. The wreckage was cleared up before the following morning and the track repaired within 24 hours after the occurrence of the wreck.

It is stated among railroad men that the Mackinaw division of the Michigan Central railroad has never had a loss of life due to wreck. This is a fine record and we trust it will stand for many years to come.

Crop Outlook.

Wm. F. Johnston, agricultural agent for Crawford, Ogemaw, Oscoda and Roscommon counties, reports the following existing conditions throughout this territory:

This week has been one of the best growing weeks I have ever seen. Hay is fairly good. Corn small but a good stand and growing fine now. Beans good on high lands—backward but growing. Wheat poor—but doing well now. Oats have come up very rapidly during the past week. Potatoes just blossoming and very few bugs have shown themselves until within the past few days. Rye looks as fine as I ever saw. Besides these crops there is a large acreage of ruts, beans, cow turnips, buckwheat, millet, carrots, etc., in the ground and coming on fine. I talked the labor situation over with many of the farmers and found that they claimed to be able to care for and harvest the crops so far. Haying is just starting and is a fair crop.

Notice.

All parties indebted to me are requested to call and settle by August 15th; no later than September 1st.

This store will go on a cash basis August 15th. I expect to make this the banner year on low prices. This store is the talk of Grayling and surrounding country. A still larger expansion is deserving this store because of our cash system that we will adopt August 15. Cash business is the key note to all catalog houses and the name benefits will be derived at this store.

Frank Dresen.

Methodist Episcopal Church Notes.
On Monday evening, August 6th Dr. John Dystant, District Superintendent of Bay City district, will hold quarterly Conference in the local M. E. church. At this Conference and meeting every person interested in the welfare of the church and community should be present without fail. Dr. Dystant will preach at 8:00 o'clock Monday evening. Come.**Local News**

Chautauqua next week.

Chautauqua tickets on sale at both drug stores.

Mrs. Fred Nunn of Sigma was a guest of Mrs. R. D. Conine a couple of days this week.

Mrs. Harvey Wheeler and children are visiting relatives and friends in Stanislaw and vicinity.

Mrs. George Cowell of the Soo, is visiting her mother-in-law, Mrs. Chas. Turner this week, and other relatives.

Miss Lucile Phelps and brother Lee, of the Game preserve, left Tuesday night for Mayville, their former home, for a week's visit.

William C. Fischer and wife of Detroit are spending a couple of weeks vacation visiting their parents, in this city and in Riverton.

Mr. and Mrs. Claude Gibson entertained Mr. John Mohr of Bay City a few days this week. He came up to enjoy some of the fine trout fishing.

Ralph G. Brink, a son of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Brink of Granite Falls, Wash., is now a musician in the 78th Co., 6th regiment U. S. Army, and is located at Quantico, Va.

Word just received that Don Butler, a former Grayling boy, but now of Jackson, Mich., was killed in an automobile accident yesterday. He was the son of Chas. Butler, and recently made a visit here.

Miss Anna Riess of Ludington, and Mildred, John and Bernard Lieg of Shawano, Wisconsin are guests of Fr. J. J. Riess. The former is a sister and the latter three a niece and two nephews of Fr. Riess.

The M. E. Ladies' Aid society meeting that was to have been held at the home of Mrs. T. W. Hanson at Portage lake tomorrow, Friday has been postponed indefinitely, on account of the bad condition of the roads to the lake.

Will Taylor, oldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Adelbert Taylor of this city has again made application for the U. S. army. He has already served seven years in the regulars and held the rank of sergeant. He was stationed three years in Alaska. At one time he was county clerk of this county.

Mr. and Mrs. Ray Amidon returned last Saturday morning to their home in Flint after a pleasant two weeks' vacation. Part of it was spent here at the home of Mr. Amidon's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Amidon, when a couple of fishing trips were enjoyed. They also spent several days with Mrs. Amidon's parents, in Petoskey.

Mrs. Larson was born in Denmark, in 1846. When at the age of 21 years she came to America and located in Oskosh, Wis., where soon after she was united in marriage to Mr. Larson.

To this union were born five children, four of whom are living, one son having passed away when he grew to manhood. After a short residence in Oskosh the family moved to Muskegon, Mich., and then to Galesburg, Ill. They then moved to Salina, Wisconsin, where Mr. Larson died, which was in the year 1878. Mrs. Larson after her husband's death with her children went back to Galesburg, and in 1892 came to Grayling, where her daughter, Mrs. Sparks had resided for a couple of years previous. She remained in this city for seventeen years, and in 1909 with the Sparks family returned to Galesburg, where she had resided since, coming here about four weeks ago to make her home.

Mrs. Larson was very well and favorably known in Grayling, especially among the Danish people, and the many tokens and gifts she received during her illness goes to show the high esteem in which she was held and also the many friendships she had.

At about the time the people of Grayling had given up hopes of having any troops at the Military reservation at Portage lake, the word comes that the Michigan guard will be mobilized here early in August. No doubt the first train will arrive sometime next Monday. Everything is in practical readiness at the camp, to receive them. The men will find here many improvements over any previous camps. About fifty dining rooms and kitchens have been built which will add much to the comfort of the men. The administration building is fast nearing completion, as is also the new officers' club house. The hospital is well under way. Considerable roads have been built throughout the grounds and also toward Grayling.

The funeral was held Wednesday morning at 9:00 o'clock from the home of her daughter Mrs. Sparks, and was conducted by Rev. P. Kjelshede, assisted by Rev. A. Mitchell. A large congregation of old friends and neighbors were in attendance to pay their last respects to the kind old lady.

There are left to mourn the deceased four children, Mrs. Tillie Sparks and John Larson of this city, J. L. Larson of Grass Range, Montana, and Mrs. J. O. Anderson of Galesburg, Ill., fourteen grand children and four great grand children.

The family is extended the sympathy of the community in their sad bereavement.

MRS. ANNA MARIA LARSON DIED.**Was Former Resident of Grayling for Seventeen Years.**

The death of Mrs. Anna Maria Larson, last Sunday evening caused much grief to her family and hosts of friends. Altho ailing and at many times very ill since last January, her friends entertained hopes for her recovery. It was thought that probably after an operation that she might become better, as on June 13 she was taken to the Augustana hospital in Chicago from her home in Galesburg, Illinois, where she underwent an operation. She seemed to improve after a time, so was brot here to the home of her daughter, Mrs. Tillie Sparks to recuperate her health and where she expected to make her home during her remaining years.

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The family is extended the sympathy of the community in their sad bereavement.

Mr. and Mrs. Ellsworth Tender Red Reception by Eastern Star.

After the regular meeting of the Eastern Star chapter last evening, at the Masonic lodge room a reception was held for Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Ellsworth, who are moving from Grayling. The dining room of the lodge room was very pretty with Japanese lanterns hung above the tables, where dainty refreshments of ice cream and cake were served. Partners were reformed, when the two parts of miniature jack-o-lanterns were found to correspond with each other. These were hand-painted and very pretty.

After the luncheon, Worthy Patron Melvin Bates presented the guests of honor with a beautiful cut glass bon bon dish, and spoke a few words in behalf of the order to Mr. and Mrs. Ellsworth. Mr. Ellsworth responded with much gratitude, as did also Mrs. Ellsworth in her pleasing manner. To bring the gathering to a close, the Worthy Matron, Mrs. Bert Ashenfelter gave a reading on the Eastern Star order. A pleasant evening was spent by all.

Methodist Episcopal Church Notes.

On Monday evening, August 6th Dr. John Dystant, District Superintendent of Bay City district, will hold quarterly Conference in the local M. E. church. At this Conference and meeting every person interested in the welfare of the church and community should be present without fail. Dr. Dystant will preach at 8:00 o'clock Monday evening. Come.

CHAUTAUQUA NEXT WEEK

August 8-12

The Community Chautauqua will begin next week Wednesday, August 8 and continue to Sunday, August 12 inclusive. The big Chautauqua tent will be pitched on the Nick Schiotz lot north of Mercy Hospital.

The program presented by the Chautauqua is both entertaining and instructive and comprises some of the highest class talent on the Chautauqua platform today. A good Chautauqua is one of the greatest institutions in America; it gives families of small means the opportunity of seeing and hearing good attractions at a very small cost. The lecturers will bring messages that leave with us thoughts and ideas that we may appreciate and make use of as long as we live. What you learn at the Chautauqua will be those things that are educational and edifying to every member of the family, young and old. We all need just such talks as we are sure to receive. The entertainment numbers are all of the highest class. Look over the program of talent that will appear in Grayling and then secure your tickets as early as possible. They are now on sale at several places in the city and by ladies of the Good Fellowship club.

American Gentleman Shoes**SHOES****American Gentleman Brand**

of shoes have stood the test of service. They are made of good stock, shaped upon lasts that fit the feet and give comfort, and are shaped in accordance with the dictates of the season's correct styles.

We have a Big Stock and can Fit You with the Best of Satisfaction

SALLING, HANSON CO.**The Pioneer Store****WANTS**Advertisements will be accepted under this heading at the rate of 5 cents per line, No ady. taken for less than 15 cents. There are about six words to the line. **SEND MONEY WITH THE ORDER.****FOR SALE** A secondhand Cadillac Coupe. Price \$125.00. Inquire of Capt. Case, at the Military reservation. Phone 1283.**80 ACRE FARM FOR SALE** - 18 cleared. Living house and barn, good well. 40 acres fenced. Price \$1,400, part cash and part on time. Address Mrs. Anna Risberg, care of Andrew Mortenson, Grayling. 824**FOR SALE** Combination book-case and writing desk, coal stove, wood heating stove, wardrobe. Bargains. 7193**LOST** - A small white kitten last Saturday night. Finder will kindly return to Mrs. Wm. H. Cody. 7193**FOR SALE** - One black mare, weight 950 lbs., one single horse wagon, pair last year, one pair sleighs, one pair cutter runners, one buggy, and sulky, two sets single harness. Will be sold cheap by J. C. Foreman, 75-tf**FOR SALE** - Ketch-A-Kick-for Ford cars. Save that arm from being broken. Henry Joseph.**Advertisements Here Cost Little Compared With Results****Summer Complaint.**

During the hot weather of the summer months some member of almost every family is likely to be troubled with an unnatural looseness of the bowels, and it is of the greatest importance that this be treated promptly,

which can only be done when the medicine is kept at hand. Mrs. F. F. Scott, Scottsville, N. Y., states, "I first used Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea remedy as much as five years ago. At that time I had a severe attack of summer complaint and was suffering intense pain. One does not feel relieved me. Other members of my family have since used it with like results."

A man giving his name as Charles Baker was arrested this morning by Constable M. Brenner, while in the act of robbing Larson's saloon. It was about 3:00 o'clock this morning. The sound of breaking glass in the rear of the saloon attracted the attention of the officer and he rushed into the rear entrance and intercepted the robber before he had a chance to leave the building. He had five quarts of whiskey that he had stolen. It was believed that others had been with him and Sheriff Cody arrested two men who were later released for lack of evidence against them. During the time of questioning the latter, Baker was brot into the jail office and when returned to his cell the officer forgot to lock the doors and the prisoner later escaped. Mr. Brenner and Deputy Frank May picked him up again near the Fish hatchery. Several saloon robbery attempts have been made lately. Last Saturday night someone entered Burton's saloon; Sunday night they entered Foreman's saloon and Tuesday night they attempted to enter Larson's saloon and again last night. It seems that whiskey was what they were after for the cash register seemed to be unoccupied.

\$100 Reward, \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is catarrh. Catarrh being greatly influenced by constitutional conditions requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh medicine is taken internally, and acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have much faith in the curative powers of Hall's Catarrh medicine that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all druggists, 75 cents.

Ask Anyone Who Has Used It.

There are families who always aim to keep a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea remedy in the house for use in case it is needed, and find that it is not only a good investment but saves them no end of suffering. As to its reliability, ask anyone who has used it.

What Makes This Man Smile?**HIS money has gone farther than his neighbor's.****He has bought****FISK TIRES****-the greatest dollar-for-dollar value there is in tires. He has Fisk Quality, Fisk Service and Fisk Mileage at a fair price.****Fisk Tires For Sale By****GEORGE BURKE****GEORGE BURKE**

TANLAC

The Original Dealers for
this well-known remedy
for Crawford County.

STOCK ALWAYS FRESH

A. M. LEWIS

Your Druggist Phone 18

Delicious Fountain Drinks and Sundaes

Local News

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, AUG. 2

"We must exert all our power and employ all our resources to bring the Government of the German Empire to terms and end the war."

Woodrow Wilson,

President of the United States.

Frank Tetu is driving a new Ford auto.

For carpenter work and repairing see L. C. Bundgaard.

Your eyes will serve you better if aided by Hathaway's glasses.

C. E. Kelley and son of Frederic were Grayling callers Monday.

Miss Berneice Cote of Midland is visiting her cousins, the Misses Cas- sidy.

Miss Carrie LaGrow was a guest of Miss Mae McDermaid at Frederic Monday.

Miss Mollie Johnson of Saginaw is here on a vacation visiting her parents and friends.

Fr. J. J. Riess is entertaining his nephew, John Lieg of Shawano, Wisconsin for a few weeks.

Peter Dufour of Bay City spent a few days here last week visiting his sister, Mrs. C. M. Hewitt and family.

Mrs. Alfred Jorgenson left Saturday fast for a few days' visit with her brother, Hans Christianson and wife of Detroit.

Miss Emma Johnson, daughter of Arnold Johnson returned Monday from a short visit in the southern part of the State.

Supervisor M. A. Bates, T. W. Hanson and John J. Niederer were in Lansing Saturday on business with the Highway Commissioner's department.

William Pobursky arrived Sunday morning to visit his wife, and daughter who have been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Hans Petersen for the past two weeks.

Mrs. George Burke of Frederic is enjoying an outing at their cottage at Portage lake. She has as her guests, her sister, Mrs. George Brown of Toledo, Ohio, and her two nieces, the Misses Cousineau of Erie, Michigan.

Andrew Olson, an inmate of the Crawford county infirmary was stricken with paralysis Monday morning, and was soon after taken to Mercy hospital where he passed away early the next morning. He was 65 years old.

C. M. Hewitt, David Montour, Peter Davidson, Phil Moran, Nelson Corwin and their families drove to Higgins lake last Sunday and spent a pleasant day at the Skingley hotel. They enjoyed boating and bathing during the day.

HARDWARE

THAT'S ALL

But it is "Some Hardware"

We don't try to keep everything you need about your home—just hardware, that's all. But as that is our only line, we put all of our time and attention to it and PROTECT OUR CUSTOMERS FROM THE PRICE BOOSTERS. We know the actual value of every piece of hardware we handle, and GUARANTEE to sell it to you at a JUST and FAIR price. When in need of anything that a REPUTABLE hardware store handles, come to us, where you can buy it RIGHT.

SALLING, HANSON CO.

Hardware Department

CRAWFORD AVALANCHE

Frank Ahman was in Bay City over Sunday last.

Remember Hathaway has good watches at right prices too.

See Geo. L. Alexander & Son before purchasing automobile insurance.

Guy Pringle of Mackinaw Island is spending a few days here with friends.

The Kerry & Hanson Flooring mill was shut down Saturday and Monday for repairs.

Miss Nellie Charlefour spent Sunday with her sister, Mrs. James Carriveau at Cadillac.

Mr. and Mrs. John R. Williams of St. Louis, Missouri, are at their summer home at Portage lake.

As a rule the more a man drinks at night the greater his determination to fire the boss in the morning.

Mrs. Fred Larson and two children of Johannesburg visited relatives and friends a few days this week.

The Junior Aid society will meet at the home of Miss Vera Matson next Saturday afternoon, August 4th.

Mrs. Frank Mack returned the latter part of the week from a visit with her daughter, Mrs. W. C. Nelson of Johannesburg.

Miss Emma Mayo left Saturday last for a three weeks' visit with friends at Escanaba and other cities in Northern Michigan.

Miss Anna E. Peterson, of Grand Rapids, who has been visiting friends here for the past couple of weeks left Tuesday morning for Traverse City to visit.

Little Jane Isabelle Keypert, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Keypert enjoyed the celebration of her third birthday anniversary Tuesday. A number of her little friends spent the afternoon with her.

Ford Agent Geo. Burke is having a siege of typhoid fever. He has been under the doctor's care for about two weeks but is reported to be getting along nicely. He is at his home in Frederic.

Every person is entitled to some relief in life even in war times and we believe that \$1.50 invested in a Chautauqua ticket will give the largest amount of individual pleasure it is possible to obtain for that sum.

Crawford County Grange No. 934 will hold their annual picnic at the home of Mrs. Henry Stephan, Saturday, August 18, 1917. This is to be a table picnic, and everyone is invited. Come one, come all. Dance in the evening.

Miss Isabella Case was the guest of her brother and wife at Mancelona Sunday. Miss Case returned Monday accompanied by her sister, Mrs. Armor Carr and son, who have been visiting relatives at Mancelona, and who after a day spent here, left for their home in Bad Axe.

John Larson left Sunday night for Chicago to bring his wife home from a hospital there. Mrs. Larson has been in the hospital for several weeks, where she submitted to an operation and returned home this week feeling much improved in health. They arrived Tuesday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Petersen of Detroit, and Mr. and Mrs. Jerome Hansen and little son, Marvin, of Wayne Mich., arrived last Sunday morning to spend a week or so resorting at Portage lake. They are at the Bates cottage. Mr. Petersen is also visiting his parents Mr. and Mrs. Hans Petersen while in the city.

M. A. Bates received a telegram Monday, which stated that his appointment on the local draft Board for Crawford county had been confirmed by the president, and that the oath and acceptance were being mailed him.

So Mr. Bates was appointed to succeed County Clerk Frank Sales, who was disqualified to act on the exemption board being of draft age.

The board now consists of Dr. S. N. Inley, Sheriff Wm. H. Cody and A. Bates.

The Ladies of the G. A. R. hold regular meetings at the homes of its members each month, and it had been decided by the ladies at a meeting

early in the spring to omit refreshments during the summer months.

Last Friday afternoon Mrs. Selen Holbrook entertained the members and invited them to visit the Fish Hatchery and surroundings. After their inspection, they were invited to partake of delicious refreshments of ice cream and assorted cakes. This was a great surprise to the ladies, who numbered about twenty-five. A rustic table and a couple of benches had been roughly put up in the Hatchery park, above which waved an America flag. The ladies enjoyed the outing very much, and did not seem to feel the extreme heat of the summer afternoon. Mrs. Holbrook was assisted by Mrs. Earl Dutton in entertaining.

The young folks at Portage lake are missing Gerald Powell and wondering what has become of him. Well here it is. He is with the Detroit Evening News. He has given up show business and is going to stick to Journalism. He is going to be married September 2nd and will leave Detroit on that night train for Grayling, and spend his honeymoon at the Powell shack, Portage lake.

If it's a Conklin, Nuf-said. Get one at Hathaway's. \$2.50 up.

Lee Puse of West Branch was here visiting friends over last Sunday.

Peter F. Jorgensen was in Bay City on business Monday and Tuesday.

Miss Beulah Lantz of Detroit arrived Sunday morning to visit relatives in the city.

Ardolph Olson of Detroit is visiting his sister Miss Frieda Olson for a couple of weeks.

Mrs. John W. Pettit of Detroit is here for a several week's visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Victor Salting.

O. P. Schumann attended the disbarment trial of J. M. Rhodes and W. A. Harrington at Gaylord Monday and Tuesday.

Mrs. Joe Boulanger returned home Monday from Cheboygan, where she had gone to attend the funeral of her sister, Mrs. Brentford.

Misses Ula Mae and Vera Shler were guests of Miss Edna McCullough Wednesday of last week enroute from Bad Axe to their home in Wolverine.

Mrs. Robert Ziebell and children are spending the week in Mio, visiting relatives and friends. Harvey Fogelsoener drove them over to Mio, in his Ford auto last Sunday.

Miss Flora Hansou resigned her position at the telephone office Saturday and will leave shortly for Grant, Mich., where she will attend the Ashland college. Miss Edith Alstrom is the new night operator.

Mr. and Mrs. John O. Anderson, daughter Mildred and son, Leslie of Galesburg, Ind., came Tuesday afternoon to be in attendance at the funeral of Mrs. Anderson's mother, Mrs. Anna Maria Larson, who passed away Sunday evening.

Mrs. Josephine and daughter, Miss Charlotte, of Saline, Michigan have been visiting at the homes of John and Henry Stephan down the AuSable. Miss Myrtle Stephens, who has been visiting the northern part of the State returned here with them.

Mr. Andrew Larson of Johannesburg and his guests, Mrs. Tony Seeley and Mrs. George Johnson of Manistee, visited Mrs. Larson's parents.

Mr. and Mrs. Hans Petersen here Monday and Tuesday of this week. Mrs. Seeley is a sister of Mr. Andrew Larson.

William E. McCullough and wife, and the latter's sister, Miss Lucille Grant all of Detroit are guests of Mr. McCullough's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles O. McCullough. They arrived Sunday morning, and Miss Ruth McCullough, who has been in Detroit since school closed here, returned home with them.

Mrs. Edward Viendini and two daughters, Miss Campbell and daughter, Miss Sate all of Munising are expected to arrive today and will be guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. William McNeveu for a few days. They expect to leave Saturday for Avoca, Mich., on a visit, and on their return will visit here longer.

Mrs. Arthur Brentford of Cheboygan age 22 years passed away at Mercy hospital in this city Wednesday of last week, where she had been brought two weeks previous for treatment.

Her husband, and two young sons are left to mourn her, the youngest but five weeks old. The deceased was a sister of Mrs. Jos. Boulanger of this city, who has taken the babe and will care for it. The remains were taken to Cheboygan Thursday and the funeral was held Saturday morning.

An official bulletin issued by the Military Training Camps association of the U. S. announces that the location of the Second Officers Training camp for men from Michigan, Wisconsin and Illinois has been changed from Fort Logan H. Roots Arizona and Leon Springs, Texas to Fort Sheridan, Ill. No other changes are announced affecting the second officers' training camps. The same quota will stand from the various states as before and the opening date of the camps remains unchanged—August 10.

W. F. Johnson of Roscommon was in the city Saturday last. He was accompanied by Prof. Frank W. Spragg of the M. A. C. The latter is an expert on grains and is credited for the production of Red Rock wheat and Rosen rye, and is rated in this line as the Luther Barbans of grains. Prof. Spragg is endeavoring to encourage the farmers in the production of pedigree wheat and other grains, claiming that it costs no more to produce pure grades than it does to raise the common grains, and also that the yield is greater and the quality better. Among those here who have taken a special interest in Prof. Spragg's suggestion that the farmers raise Red Rock wheat are R. Hanson and Neil Michelson, both of whom intimated that they would plant several acres this fall.

On the first page of this issue of the Avalanche is published a list of names of those drafted and ordered to report for examination. These are all Crawford county boys and most of them are well known to all of us. In justice to this group of young men we are pleased to report that there seem to be but few, if any, who intend to request exemption. Many, of course, will be exempt because of physical disability and rejected by the examining board; besides there are many foreigners among the list who are exempt according to the ruling of the government authorities. These young men must appear for examination at the court house next week and as the time draws near, the fact that we are at war with the greatest military power the world has ever known, becomes more realistic. This is a world war and when it is over peace terms will be signed in favor of democracy.

The William McCullough blacksmith shop on Cedar street has changed hands. John Schram and Tony Nelson are the new proprietors, and are already doing business. The deal was closed Saturday. We wish them success in their new undertaking. Mr. Schram has worked at blacksmithing for about 21 years and is known as an expert and reliable workman. He is especially capable as a shoer of horses. Mr. Nelson says the shop will be open from 6:00 to 11:00 a.m., and from 12:00 o'clock noon to 5:00 p.m. and requests that those having horses to shoe get there as early as possible during the cooler morning hours. They will be prepared to do anything in the blacksmith line. Mr. McCullough has been in the blacksmith business here for many years. He will continue the implement business until his present stock is sold, after which, he will turn this over to his successors.

**Let Us Help You Keep Cool
These Hot Summer Days**

Hot Weather Price News

Ladies' Sport Hats at 1-4 off.

Ladies' Summer Vests at 15, 25 and 35c.

Ladies' Union Suits at 35, 50 and 65c.

Ladies' and Children's Wash Dresses—big selection.

Sport Skirts, Middies and Sport Jackets.

Any Ladies' Trimmed Hat one-half off.

A good selection of nice cool summer fabrics for these hot days—Wash Voiles, Sport Stripe Materials, Fancy Sport Silks.

Warm Weather News for Men

Twenty per cent discount on all Oxfords—black and tans. This means a big saving, as they are now priced below actual value.

Sport Shirts—biggest line we ever have shown—75c, \$1.00 \$1.25 and \$1.50.

Straw Hats—Get one at one-fourth off.

Genuine B. V. D. and Porosknit Union Suits \$1.00.

Special An ALL LEATHER ELK SKIN SHOE for men—nice and light for work. About 45 pair left. **\$2.75**

Grayling Mercantile Co.

The Quality Store

Richard Lovelly is the new clerk at Simpson's grocery.

Regular meeting of Masonic lodge will be held tonight.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Guy Bradley of Royal Oak, July 31. Mrs. Bradley is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Tromble.

Misses Geraldine and Ursula McCarty of Owosso, Mich., were guests of their uncle and wife, Mr. and Mrs. P. P. Mahoney last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Gillette are entertaining their niece Miss Helen Stagell of Bay City. She will remain with them until school begins.

Miss Leonora Phillips of Detroit is a guest of her cousin, Miss Marie Foreman. The Foreman family are residing at their cottage at Portage lake.

L. B. Merrill of Beaver Creek township, brot in a sample of clover and timothy hay, mixed, last week that is a credit to any farmer. Crawford county raises excellent clover and Mr. Merrill is one of the men who is responsible for this reputation. He grows excellent crops this season. This seems to be the general condition in this county this year.

One of the workmen at the DuPont plant found a switch open on the main track of the Michigan Central near that plant early last Sunday morning. He was working on the night shift and was on his way home when he noticed it and promptly reported the trouble. It was corrected just in time to allow a train to pass from the south to pass. It is believed that the switch had been opened hoping to wreck the train which was bound for the copper country.

Emerson Bates returned home Monday morning from Annapolis, Washington and other, eastern cities. He had been at the former city to take an examination for admission to the Naval academy. As stated in our edition of last week, he passed a successful examination in the educational and mental tests but because of a slight defect in vision and his nose was rejected. He says that he intends to try again next year and feels confident that he will pass.

Very truly yours,

ELI LILLY & COMPANY

POSITIVE PROOF.

Should Convince the Greatest Skeptic in Grayling.

Because it's the evidence of a Grayling citizen.

Testimony easily investigated.

The strongest endorsement of merit.

The best proof. Read it!

Fred Aebli, Norway St., Grayling,

says: "I have used Donn's Kidney Pills on a few occasions in the past,

The Secrets of the Hohenzollerns

STARTLING EXPOSURE OF INNER LIFE OF KAISER AND CROWN PRINCE AS
TOLD BY COUNT ERNST VON HELTZENDORFF TO WILLIAM LEQUEUX

EDITORIAL NOTE.

William Lequeux, who here chronicles for his friend, Count Ernst von Heltzendorff, the latter's revelations of the inner life of the Imperial German court, has long been reported throughout Europe as the purveyor of its innermost secrets.

The English "Who's Who" says of him: "He has intimate knowledge of the secret-service of Continental countries, and of the secret-service department (of Great Britain) as authority on such matters." Another authority says:

"Few people have been more closely associated with or know more of the astounding inner machinery of Germany than he."

Countess von Helzenburg

has more sources of secret information at his command than any contemporary in civil life, and for the last six years the British Government has made valuable use of his vast store of secret information through a specially organized department which Lequeux serves as a voluntary consultant.

Count von Helzenburg became an intimate of Lequeux several years prior to the outbreak of the war; he has been living in retirement in France since August, 1914, and it was there that Lequeux received from the French government permission to make public these revelations of the inner life of the Hohenzollerns—that the democracies of the world might come to know the real, but heretofore hidden, personalities of the two dominant members of the autocracy they are now arrayed against.

The Plot Against Princess Louise

THE TRUTH of the plot which caused the downfall of the unfortunate and much-maligned imperial Princess Louise, Archduchess of Austria and wife of Friedrich-August, now the reigning King of Saxony, has never yet been revealed.

In course, knew the charming imperial highness, the Crown Princess Louise of Saxony, as often came on visits to the Kaiserin, but I had never spoken much with her until at

Easter, 1902, the emperor went to visit Dresden. He took with him, among other people, one of his untitled boon companions, Judicial Councilor Lohlein, a stout, dabbly-faced hanger-on, who at the time possessed great influence over him.

Louise was the most popular woman in Saxony, and deservedly so, for hers had been a love match.

After her marriage to the Saxon crown prince the Kaiser, in one of his whimsical moods, became greatly attached to her because of her frankness, her love of outdoor life, and her high educational attainments, hence we often had her visiting at Potsdam or at the Berlin Schloss. She was known to be one of the few feminine royalties in whom the Kaiser took the slightest interest.

At the grand ball of Easter I found myself chatting with Louise, who, I recollect, wore a most charming and artistic gown of sea-green chiffon, decollete, of course, with pink curmills in her hair and a few diamonds upon her corsage, as well as the Order of St. Elizabeth—and her magnificent rope of matched pearls, which went twice round her neck and reached to her knees—a historic set which had once belonged to Marie Antoinette.

The Story of the Crown Prince Told.
As we stood chatting in a corner of the room, watching the scene of unusual brilliancy because of the Kaiser's presence, the princess turned to me: "Well, a curious thing happened here about a month ago," she said. "I was—At that moment the emperor, in the uniform of the Second regiment of Saxon Grenadiers, of which he was chief, and wearing the Order of Crancolin of the House of Saxony, strode up, and, standing before us, exclaimed:

"Well, Louise? What is the very interesting topic of conversation, eh?" Her imperial highness hesitated, as though endeavoring to avoid an explanation, but next second she waved her lace fan quickly and said:

"Well, recently Friedrich-August and

myself have moved into rooms in the older wing of the palace—rooms that have not been occupied for nearly forty years. They are old-world, charming, and remind me constantly of August the Strong and the times in which he lived. Just about a month ago the king and queen of Roumania were paying us a visit. We were at dinner, and while we were all laughing and talking, for 'Carmen Silva' had been telling us one of her stories, we heard a great clatter of horses' hoofs and the heavy rumble of wheels, just as though a stage coach was crossing the small courtyard. All of us listened, and in the silence we heard it receding quite distinctly. I at once sent my lady-in-waiting to ascertain who had arrived or departed, four-wheeled coaches being quite unusual nowadays. It seemed just as though the coach had driven out of the palace gate. The message brought back from the guardroom was that no carriage had entered or left. I told this to those around the table, and the queen of Roumania, who had taken much interest in omens and folk-lore, seated opposite me, seemed much impressed, and even perturbed."

"Then the noise you heard must have been an uncanny one, eh?" asked the emperor, deeply interested.

"Quite. Two of the women at the table declared that it must have been thunder, and then the conversation proceeded. I, however, confess to your majesty that I was very much puzzled, and the more so because only two nights ago, while we sat at dinner, Friedrich-August and myself on festive, we heard exactly the same sound again!"

"Really!" laughed the emperor. "Good prophecy. I hope, here in Dresden, you are not believing in omens."

London society believes in them." "Not at all," said the princess earnestly. "I don't believe in omens. But, curiously enough, the king told me yesterday that his two old aunts, who formerly lived in our wing of the palace, had sometimes heard the clatter of horses' hoofs, the jingle of harness, the grinding of brakes, and the rumbling of heavy carriage wheels."

"H'm!" grunted the emperor. "I've heard that same story before, Louisa. The departing coach means trouble to the reigning family."

"That is exactly what the king said to me only last evening," answered Louise frankly. "Does it mean trouble to me, I wonder?"

"Certainly not," I declared. "Your imperial highness need not worry for one moment over such things. Nobody nowadays regards such phenomena as presage of evil. There is no doubt some perfectly natural explanation of the sounds. Every old palace, castle and even private house, has its traditions."

The Kaiser's Merry Mood.
Then the emperor, after acknowledging the salute of Baron Georg von Metzsch, controller of the royal household—a tall, thin, crafty-eyed man, with hair tinged with gray, and wearing a dark blue uniform and many decorations—changed the topic of conversation.

The Kaiser was in particularly merry mood that night. He had gone to Dresden against his inclination; for he had long ago arranged an Easter review on the Tempelhofer Feld, but the visit was, I knew, for the purpose of consultation in secret with the King of Saxony.

Several times I wondered upon what his majesty of Saxony had stumbled. That morning the emperor and king had been closeted alone together for fully three hours, and the outcome of the secret conference seemed to have put the highest into a most excellent mood.

The Saxon crown prince and his

wife were at that time a most devoted couple, though all of us knew that the ruderious Louis had brought to Dresden from the Hapsburg court had much shocked old King George and his consort. The Saxon court was unused to a pretty woman with buoyant spirits rejoicing in life with a capital "L".

According to the court whisperings, trouble had started a few days after marriage, when the king, having given his daughter-in-law a tiara of diamonds, a royal headdress, with strict injunctions to wear them just as they were—a style of the seventeenth century—he one evening at the opera saw her wearing the stones re-set in a style known as art nouveau. The king became furious, and ordered them to be set again in their original settings, whereupon Louise coolly returned the present.

Such was the commencement of the old king's ill-feeling toward her.

The state ball that night was certainly a brilliant one for such a small court, and next day we all returned to Potsdam. Louise, in a depressed mood, for while dancing with Count von Castell Riedelhausen of the Prussian Guard her lovely rope of pearls had suddenly parted as though cut by a knife.

A Mysterious Absence.
Before we left Dresden, however, I met the crown princess in one of the corridors. It was nine o'clock in the morning. She wore her riding-habit, and a decorative, of course, with pink curmills in her hair and a few diamonds upon her corsage, as well as the Order of St. Elizabeth—and her magnificent rope of matched pearls, which went twice round her neck and reached to her knees—a historic set which had once belonged to Marie Antoinette.

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"Really!" laughed the emperor. "Good prophecy. I hope, here in Dresden, you are not believing in omens."

Three days later an incident occurred which caused me a good deal of thought, and truth to tell, mystified me considerably.

That somewhat indistinct journal, the *Militär Wochenschrift*, had published a statement to the effect that Friedrich-August of Saxony and the handsome Louise had had a violent quarrel, a fact which caused a great deal of gossip throughout court circles.

"Really!" laughed the emperor. "Good prophecy. I hope, here in Dresden, you are not believing in omens."

A LETTER FROM THE CROWN PRINCE'S PERSONAL ADJUTANT TO WILLIAM LEQUEUX, POSSESSOR OF THE SECRETS OF EUROPE.

Venue Nadao,
par Moret-sur-Loing,
Seine-et-Marne,
February 10th, 1917.

My dear Lequeux:
I have just finished reading the proofs of your articles describing my life as an official at the imperial court at Potsdam, and the two or three small errors you made I have duly corrected.

The gross scandals and wily intrigues which I have related to you were many of them known to yourself, for as the intimate friend of Louis, the ex-crown princess of Saxony, you were, before the war, associated with many of those at court whose names appear in the article.

The revelations which I have made, and which you have recorded here, are but a tithe of the disclosures which I could make, and if the world desired more, I shall be pleased to furnish you with other and even more startling details, which you may also put into print.

My service as personal adjutant to the German crown prince, his Majesty, was terminated, as now, with the overthrow of the empire.

With most cordial greetings from

Your sincere friend,

(Signed) ERNST VON HELTZENDORFF.

the emperor a liar. Surely nobody had ever done so before.

Sonnestein! That was a private lunatic asylum!

In a few moments the Kaiser had summoned, by his private telephone, Koehler, then chief of the Berlin secret police, and given orders that the princess should be watched in Switzerland. Half an hour later three police agents were on their way to Zurich to follow the poor, distracted woman, even beyond the confines of the empire.

She left Berlin two hours later, but half an hour before her departure I found a hurriedly scribbled note upon my table explaining that she had had "a few unpleasant words with the emperor," and that she was leaving for Dresden a day earlier than had been arranged.

A fortnight passed. Twice Baron von Metzsch came to Potsdam, and was on each occasion closely closeted with the emperor, as well as having frequent consultations with Judicial Councilor Lohlein. I had strong suspicion that the conspiracy against the lively daughter of the Hapsburg was still in progress, for it felt assured that the Kaiser would never forgive those words of defiance from a woman's lips, and that his vengeance, slow and subtle, would assuredly fall upon her.

I did not know at the time—not indeed, until fully three years later—how the actions of Von Metzsch, who was a creature of the Kaiser, had from the first been instigated by the all-highest, who, from the very day of the princess' marriage, had, notwithstanding his apparent graciousness toward her, determined that a Hapsburg should never become queen of Saxony.

For that reason, namely, because the emperor in his overweening vanity believed himself to be the heaven-sent ruler of the destinies of the German empire, was much opposed to an Austrian princess as a potential queen at Dresden, and had set himself the task to ruin the poor woman's life and love and to arouse such a scandal concerning her that she could not remain in Saxony with every finger pointing at her in opprobrium and scorn.

Delphier a Message for the Kaiser.

A fresh light, however, was thrown upon what I afterward realized to be an astounding conspiracy by the receipt of a cipher message late one November night at Potsdam. I was at work along with the emperor in the pale green upstairs room, reading and placing before him a number of state documents to which he scrawled his scurvy signature, when the telegram was brought.

"Ah! It is extremely good of you to say that—very good. If you really are my friend, then you can help me.

You are in a position to watch and discover what is in progress," the emperor exchanged those confidential confidences with Von Metzsch.

"But surely his highness, the crown prince of Saxony, does not believe any of those wicked reports?" I said.

"Ah! Then you have heard. Of course, you have." Von Metzsch has taken good care to let the whole world know the lies that he and the Countess Paule Sturzheimberg have concocted between them. It is cruel! It is wicked!"

"No. Calm yourself, princess!" I urged sympathetically. "I am at your disposal, ready to help you, and will act as such should occasion arise."

"Ah!" she exclaimed in a low voice. "I fear I shall require the assistance of a friend very soon. Do you recall my broken pearls?"

And a few moments later she left the room.

"You lie!"

Through all that day and the next I wondered what underworld work could be in progress. I pitted the good-looking, unconventional imperial princess who, because of her somewhat hoydenish high spirits, had aroused the storm of anger and jealousy in the Saxon court. But the Hapsburg had ever been so unfortunate in their loves.

On the day before the crown prince's visit to the Berlin court was due to end, at about six o'clock in the evening I passed the sentries and ascended to the emperor's study with some papers I had been going through regarding the reorganization of the Stettin garrison. I was one of the very few persons ever admitted to that wing of the palace.

As I approached the doors treadling noiselessly upon the soft carpet, I heard voices raised excitedly, the door being slightlyajar.

Naturally I halted. In my position I was able to hear a great deal of palace intrigue, but never had I listened to a conversation that held me more breathless than at that moment.

"We go to Erfurt tomorrow, do we not?" he said. "Telegraph in cipher to Von Metzsch to meet us there tomorrow evening at seven. And destroy that message," he added.

I obeyed his orders, and afterward continued to deal with the state papers, much enlightened by the news transmitted by the emperor's creature.

I confess that I felt the deepest sympathy for the helpless victim. At the Schloss, high above the old-world town of Erfurt, Von Metzsch had a long conference with the emperor, but I was unable to overhear any word of it. All I know is that the controller of the Saxon household left Erfurt for Dresden by special train at midnight.

Poor, defenseless Louise! You, my dear Lequeux, to whom the princess a few months afterward fled for advice, know well how sterling, how womanly and honest she was; how she was one victim of many of the unscrupulous intrigues by which the arrogant war lord of Germany has until the present managed to retain his throne.

Well, I watched the course of events; watched eagerly and daily.

Twice I had received letters from her, short notes in her hand, bold handwriting.

From Von Metzsch came several cipher messages to the emperor after we had returned to Potsdam, but Zorn von Bulach, my colleague, deciphered all of them, and, as he was not my friend, I did not inquire as to their purport. I knew, however, that masters in Dresden were fast approaching a crisis, and that the unfortunate Hapsburg princess could no longer sustain the cruel and unjust pressure being put upon her byindolent. That a hundred of Germany's spies and agents provocateurs were busy I realized from the many messages by telephone and telegraph passing between Berlin and Dresden, and I felt certain that the ruin of poor Princess Louise was nigh.

A significant message came to Potsdam late one December night—a message which, when I deciphered it and handed it to the emperor, caused him to smile.

The princess had left Dresden!

Three days later, on December 9, a further cipher telegram came from Von Metzsch, in Dresden, which read:

"Louise has learned of the Sonnenstein project, and has left Salzburg for Zurich, her brother accompanying

her."

I was startled at the manner in which the princess had dared to call

WOMEN OF MIDDLE AGE

Mrs. Quinn's Experience
Ought to Help You Over
the Critical Period.

Lowell, Mass.—"For the last three years I have been troubled with the change of life and the bad feelings common at that time. I was in a very nervous condition, with headaches and pain, a good deal of the time so I used to do my work. A friend asked me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, which I did, and it has helped me in every way. I am not nearly so nervous, no headaches or pain. I must say that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the best remedy any sick woman can take."

Mrs. MARGARET QUINN, Rear 29 Worthen St., Lowell, Mass.

Other warning symptoms are a series of suffocation, hot flashes, headaches, dread of impending evil, timidity, sounds in the ears, palpitation of the heart, spasms before the eyes, irregularities, constipation, variable appetite, weakness

Mr. Automobile Owner:

Are you insured against fire, theft and liability? The Citizens' Mutual Automobile Insurance Company, of Howell, carried the insurance and paid for the following automobiles by theft:

<i>Thos. D. Fitzgerald, of the Secretary of State's Office, Lansing</i>	\$335
<i>Jerry Kastle, New Boston</i>	300
<i>Earl W. Tucker, Wyandotte</i>	375
<i>Benjamin C. Hilliker, Swartz Creek</i>	320
<i>Anton Keldis, Scottville</i>	308
<i>R. Barriger, Richland</i>	275
<i>Mutual Telephone Co., Indianapolis City</i>	315
<i>Frank S. Hagerman, Stevensville</i>	425
<i>Glen C. Gillespie, Prosecuting Attorney, Pontiac</i>	300
<i>Kirk Van Winkle, Lansing</i>	325
<i>W. H. Williamson, Oakland County</i>	975

The above losses are paid from every part of the State. The wise man will insure in the Big Mutual. 25,000 policies issued, 350 claims paid, and \$70,000 of cash in bank.

Cost is only \$1.00 for policy and 25¢ per h. p.

See local agent or write

Citizens' Mutual Auto. Ins. Co., Howell, Mich.

ABSORBINE
TRADE MARK REGD. PAT. OFF.

Reduces Bursa Enlargements, Thickened, Swollen Tissues, Curbs, Filled Tendons, Soreness from Bruises or Strains; stops Spasm, Lameness, allays pain. Does not blister, remove the hair or lay up the horse. \$2.00 a bottle at druggists or delivered. Book 1 M. free.

ABSORBINE, JR., for mankind—an antiseptic liniment for bruises, cuts, wounds, strains, painful, swollen veins or glands. It heals and soothes. \$1.00 a bottle at druggists or postpaid. Will tell you more if you write. Made in the U. S. A. by W. F. YOUNG, P. D. F., Springfield, Mass.

DAISY FLY KILLER placed anywhere, extracts and kills all flies. Not, clear, granular, convenient, safe, non-poisonous. Made of metal, can't spill or tip over; will not soil clothes. An instant effect. Sold by dealers, or 6 sets by express prepaid for \$1.00.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D. C. Books free. Higher References—Bookseller.

Such Is Life. "George," she said, "ain't I really and truly your little poppy woppy?"

"The sweetest peachy-wenchy in existence," declared George.

"And you've never, never loved another girl?"

"There isn't another girl in the world worth a thought, sweet."

"What makes you love me so, George?"

"Just because I can't help it, preposterous."

"Ah! I'm angel, George?"

"An elf, petie. The daintiest little fairy that ever drew breath."

"Oh, my true knight!" she sighed.

"Good night. Good night!"

And five minutes later the daintiest little fairy that ever drew breath was snapping ma's head off because the bread and cheese and pickled onions were not laid out for supper; whilst the true knight was whispering sweet nothings to the golden-haired barmaid at the Fan and Feathers, and asking her if she had a fancy to go to the pictures next Friday—London Tit-Bits.

On WWI Training.

The magazines advertise many books on WWI training. Each of them promises to heal the sick self, to strengthen the feeble knees, to turn the poor in heart into dominating personalities, to make live wires out of hand bound brains. Pleasant is the picture, very pleasant and alluring, which these advertisements paint of the future. Your inhibitions shall be cast out of you, they shall perhaps enter into your Gadarene competitors who shall be driven violently down a steep plow into the sea, leaving your once faint heart free to win fair wages. Unless, indeed, your competitors happen to better their wills by buying and reading the same books, in which case the future looks less clear.—The Ne He public.

The Trouble.

"Whatcha looking so blue about, old top?"

"Oh, my wife wants more clothes, though all the year her wardrobe has been oversubscribed."

Most Probable.

May-Jack has an airship now, Fay—Yes, I know. He promised to drop in when he gets around our way.

POST TOASTIES are the newest and best in corn flakes

—Bobo

PARASITES PREY ON MICHIGAN CHERRIES

Leaf Disease Strips Foliage From Trees in Many Orchards.

LIME-SULPHUR IS REMEDY

Applied as Dilute Spray, It Will Control "Leaf Spot" Plant Pathologist Dr. Clarence.

By DR. G. H. COONS, Plant Pathologist Michigan Agricultural College.

East Lansing, Mich.—Conditions prevalent this season may lead those Michigan farmers who haven't already acquired one of these aids to progressive agriculture to do more thinking about silos than has been their custom heretofore. In many sections of the state corn was seeded late and it is a week or more behind schedule. A favorable summer-and-fall-may counteract these delays, but if Michigan is not so blessed—and of all things the weather is least to be trusted—there is chance that much of the crop may be caught by the frost or of necessity harvested before it is ripe. In either emergency there is nothing better than a silo to reduce losses to a minimum. Immature or frosted corn can be cared for in no better way than by storing in a well built silo.

If you are considering putting up one of these structures, preparations for building should be made early, for considerable time is required to secure materials and still more allowance must be made for the work of construction.

This question naturally presents itself: "How big a silo should be built?"

With the increasing use of the masonry silo, the height has been gradually extended. This can be safely done, because the heavier type silos are less liable to blow over. The increased height also is a great advantage from the standpoint of capacity. It may be stated that a silo 10 feet in depth has nearly three times the capacity of a silo 20 feet in depth. The increased capacity is due to the greater packing secured with the increased height.

In calculating the size of silo it is customary to allow 35 pounds per day for each 1,000-pound dairy cow for a period of six months or longer. For a period of seven months this requires practically 3½ tons for each animal, if ten animals are to be fed a silo at least 40 tons capacity will be required. To prevent spoilage of silage at least two inches must be fed off each day in warm weather. Increasing the height of silo therefore, rather than its diameter, is of advantage in that it increases the depth which may be fed daily.

As a rule a silo may be profitably used with ten cows. It is not advisable to build with a diameter of less than ten feet. A good rule for height is to make the height at least three times the diameter. Thus it will be seen that a 10 by 30 foot, 12 by 35 foot, or 14 by 40 foot will be about the right proportions to build.

Remembering that each full-grown animal requires about 3½ tons of silage per year and that the silo should be at least 30 feet high, the size of silo may be very easily determined. The approximate capacity of silos of varying diameters and heights is as follows:

Diameter 10 feet—Height 40 feet, capacity 70 tons; height 35 feet, capacity 58 tons; height 30 feet, capacity 46 tons; height 25 feet, capacity 35 tons; height 20 feet, capacity 28 tons.

Diameter 12 feet—Height 40 feet, capacity 104 tons; height 35 feet, capacity 85 tons; height 30 feet, capacity 68 tons; height 25 feet, capacity 51 tons; height 20 feet, capacity 37 tons.

Diameter 14 feet—Height 40 feet, capacity 140 tons; height 35 feet, capacity 115 tons; height 30 feet, capacity 98 tons; height 25 feet, capacity 71 tons; height 20 feet, capacity 52 tons.

Diameter 16 feet—Height 40 feet, capacity 184 tons; height 35 feet, capacity 152 tons; height 30 feet, capacity 120 tons; height 25 feet, capacity 92 tons; height 20 feet, capacity 68 tons.

CITIES DEMAND GRADED EGGS

Standard Requires That Dozen Must Weigh At Least Twenty-Four Ounces.

By PROF. C. H. BURGESS, Department of Poultry Husbandry, Michigan Agricultural College.

East Lansing, Mich.—The old notion that "an egg is an egg," and being such must be no more, has fallen into disrepute in city markets. If eggs are shipped into a city of any size they are subjected to examination and classified into different grades. This is a fact with which many poultrymen are well acquainted, but there are others perhaps who are still unaware that such grading is practiced.

First of all, the eggs must be up to weight. East of the Mississippi a dozen of eggs must weigh 24 ounces. Next is color. Some markets demand a certain color. It is not in the mind of the writer to enter into a discussion of the merits and demerits of this point. The nutritive value of white eggs and brown eggs is the same.

New York markets, for instance, demand the white egg; the Boston markets demand the brown. A 28-ounce egg is an ideal egg. If a dozen exceeds this amount they are hard to ship without breaking. The eggs must also be fresh. To be classed as "firsts" they must be newly laid, must be clean, and must have a strong, smooth shell. The air-cell must be small, and the egg must be free from cracks.

"Checks" are fresh eggs which possess all of the qualities above stated but are cracked. They must not leak, however. "Leakers" are like the above except that they have lost part of their contents.

To Wake Up Country Church.

More than 180 rural pastors from churches all over the state attended an interdenominational country life conference at the Michigan Agricultural college a few days ago. They arrived at the conclusion, among other things, that if the country church is to perform its full duty, it must come out of its lethargy and take a new grip on things. It was recommended, as a means for bringing the re-awakening about, that pastors going into rural districts in the future fit themselves for

NEED IS FOR MORE SILOS

Late Season May Mean Much "asted Corn This Fall—Can Be Saved in Silos.

By PROF. H. H. MUSSELMAN, Department of Farm Mechanics, Michigan Agricultural College.

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SCANDINAVIAN NEWS

SUMMARY OF IMPORTANT HAPPENINGS IN FAR OFF NORTHLAND.

ITEMS FROM THE OLD HOME

Resume of the Most Important Events in Sweden, Norway and Denmark—Of Interest to the Scandinavians in America.

FINLAND.

The hindering July 12 passed the second reading of a bill virtually establishing Finnish independence. The introduction of the bill has created a serious crisis in Petrograd, and N. C. Tchelidze, president of the council of workmen's and soldiers' delegates, went to Helsinki in an effort to settle the differences. The law, which was engineered by the Socialists, proclaims that Russia has lost all authority in Finland except in the domains of diplomacy and in the army and navy, wherein, however, Russia's rights are undefined. All other prerogatives of the grand duke of Finland, which the provisional government claims passed automatically to it, belong to Finland. Specifically the diet assumes the grand duke's right to put into execution the law, convokes and prorogues the legislature and appoints a supreme executive. The governor general is not mentioned in the law and no functions are left him he is practically suspended. Telegrams from Helsinki declare that after the promulgation of the law the diet will appoint its own senate. Under the plan proposed Russia would not have the right to keep troops in Finnish territory in times of peace or to possess any fortifications. Economic relations between Finland and Russia are left him he is practically suspended. Telegrams from Helsinki declare that after the promulgation of the law the diet will appoint its own senate. Under the plan proposed Russia would not have the right to keep troops in Finnish territory in times of peace or to possess any fortifications. Economic relations between Finland and Russia are left him he is practically suspended. Telegrams from Helsinki declare that after the promulgation of the law the diet will appoint its own senate. Under the plan proposed Russia would not have the right to keep troops in Finnish territory in times of peace or to possess any fortifications. Economic relations between Finland and Russia are left him he is practically suspended. Telegrams from Helsinki declare that after the promulgation of the law the diet will appoint its own senate. Under the plan proposed Russia would not have the right to keep troops in Finnish territory in times of peace or to possess any fortifications. Economic relations between Finland and Russia are left him he is practically suspended. Telegrams from Helsinki declare that after the promulgation of the law the diet will appoint its own senate. Under the plan proposed Russia would not have the right to keep troops in Finnish territory in times of peace or to possess any fortifications. Economic relations between Finland and Russia are left him he is practically suspended. Telegrams from Helsinki declare that after the promulgation of the law the diet will appoint its own senate. Under the plan proposed Russia would not have the right to keep troops in Finnish territory in times of peace or to possess any fortifications. Economic relations between Finland and Russia are left him he is practically suspended. Telegrams from Helsinki declare that after the promulgation of the law the diet will appoint its own senate. Under the plan proposed



Pallaria and his Band are coming for Chautauqua

Pallaria and His Band will be the sensation of Chautauqua week.

He is one of the most picturesque of all band leaders. He was graduated from the Milan Conservatory before he became of age. He was director of a band in Naples at 19. He came to this country and appeared in concert in the New York Hippodrome. For four years he was bandleader on the battleship Kansas in the United States Navy. He toured the country appearing in every principal city from the Atlantic to the Pacific. He has appeared on many of the largest Chautauquas in America.

"He fairly pulls the music out of the instruments," says one critic. "Accompanists say: 'It seemed as if the band was one huge instrument upon which Pallaria played alone, so in harmony so delicate and soft and so perfectly superb were the climaxes.'

Hear Them on the Fourth Day

Community Chautauqua

GRAYLING, MICHIGAN, AUGUST 8 TO 12

Correspondence.

Frederic News.

Rev. Barnes and family have returned to their home at Bad Axe.

Cornelius Palmer of Alberta, Canada, is visiting his father and friends.

Clarance Nichols of Bay City visited his aunt, Mrs. Chas. Craven Thursday.

Mrs. Perry and children, sister of Mr. L. A. Gardner, who have been visiting here, left for Cheboygan to visit relatives in that city.

Mrs. Emma Craven is visiting at Bay City, Flint and Detroit.

Mrs. Earl Zuck of Detroit is visiting at the home of her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. James Patterson.

Gilbert Cram has accepted a position at the Ward farm.

A goodly number of our citizens took in the ball game at Gaylord Sunday.

day and report it was worth seeing, tho the boys were beaten.

Mrs. Rowley of Bay City is visiting her mother, Mrs. E. McCracken.

Mr. and Mrs. V. R. Layman are enjoying an extended auto trip through the northwest part of the State.

We understand Jake Simcock has resigned his position at the Ward farm.

Herman Wilcox of Muskegon is visiting friends here and in Maple Forest, mostly the latter.

George Flag and family of Detroit are visiting their old home here.

Beaver Creek.

Joe Wolfe is erecting a new barn.

A. Ellis and C. F. Kinney were in Roscommon Saturday.

Mrs. Wm. Millikin and Mrs. A. Ellis was in Grayling Saturday.

Ed. Hollingsworth of Grayling is working at Wm. Millikin's.

Lloyd Marlow and wife of Grayling made a trip to their farm Saturday.

Address F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all druggists, 75 cents.

Owosso last week, where he has been for some time taking treatment, but was unable to return.

Linn Kile was a Grayling caller Saturday.

Charlie Burt made a trip to Chicago last week on business.

\$100 Reward, \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one disease—that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is catarrh. Catarrh being greatly influenced by constitutional conditions requires constitutional treatment.

Hall's Catarrh medicine is taken internally, and acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in the curative powers of Hall's Catarrh medicine that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

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Address F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all druggists, 75 cents.

A Good Recipe For Cinnamon Rolls

Roll out bread dough to one-half inch thickness. Spread generously with melted butter.

Mix 1 teaspoon cinnamon with 1 cup brown sugar, and a little grated lemon rind. Spread over dough and roll it into a cylinder. Cut into slices one and one-half or two inches thick, and place into buttered tin with cut side down. Touch sides with butter so they will separate easily.

Let rise and bake.

Cinnamon Rolls are not only very nutritious but a delight to the appetite.

Serve them occasionally in place of white bread. They are very healthful and add variety to wheat foods.

If you follow the above recipe and bake with

Lily White

"The Flour the Best Cooks Use."

you are bound to have splendid success.

Lily White Flour is made particularly for family use and will meet every requirement of bread and pastry baking in the most satisfactory manner.

It is sold under the guarantee you will like it better or your money returned.

DOMESTIC SCIENCE DEPARTMENT

VALLEY CITY MILLING COMPANY,

Grand Rapids, Mich.

Note—Our Domestic Science Department is open to correspondence and improvement. Information pertaining to embossing, canning and home economics promptly furnished and demonstrations arranged.

GOODRICH MAN SEES RUSSIAN REVOLUTION.

Soldiers of New Government Are Anxious to Continue Fight.

Some new interesting viewpoints of the world war were disclosed by Victor van der Linde, Goodrich representative, who returned from war-torn Europe, June 19th.

Starting last Christmas, Mr. van der Linde traveled thru Norway, Sweden, Finland and Russia, doing special technical work for the Goodrich company. He spent considerable time in Moscow and Petrograd. Mr. van der Linde was in the Russian capital when the revolution broke out and witnessed the exciting times attending the abdication of the Czar and the seizing of the government by the council of soldiers and working men.

"I have great confidence in the new Russian government doing its share in the struggle against German autocracy," said Mr. van der Linde. "The new government is determined to stand shoulder to shoulder with England, France and the United States. The soldiers are over anxious to continue the fight. But the dissension has been among the working men engaged in manufacturing munitions of war. The workers are virtually on a general strike for higher wages."

"The American commission headed by Elihu Root have put new confidence into the Russian people. When the workers return to their shops and supply the soldiers with clothing, food and ammunition, Russia will fight as she never has before in her history."

Before Mr. van der Linde's recent trip, he was associated with the Paris office of the B. F. Goodrich company. Since the outbreak of the world war, he was in close touch with the Goodrich factory at Colombes, France.

"You have no idea," said Mr. van der Linde, "of how impressed the French people are with the United States joining the Allies. They have a tremendous admiration for everything American. France places almost confidence in the ability of the United States to sway victory to the Allies."

"Even with the help of America," continued Mr. van der Linde, "and a united Russia, it is my opinion the war cannot end under two years time."

FROM THE PENCIL'S POINT

The biggest fish are caught with hook and line.

The well man often forgets the sick man's promise.

If too proud to beg and too honest to steal—get trusted.

If a woman's face is a poem it should be a lineless one.

Paradox—To become round eat plenty of square meals.

Marrying a man to reform him is like drinking whisky to destroy it.

The world is a prison from which no man need hope to escape alive.

Silence may be golden, but it won't pay the expenses of the drummer.

A few good misses in the chorus are apt to help an opera to make a hit.

It's sometimes easier to step into another man's shoes than it is to walk in them.

The early fly that falls into a boarding house milk pitcher is reasonably sure of a watery grave.

Every man intends to have his own way after marriage, but his wife is likely to overrule his intentions.

When you see a lovesick couple looking like a pair of turtle doves the chances are that marriage will change it to mock turtle.

McCLARYGRAMS

Life is just one long succession of problems.

Some people find it much easier to overlook work than to oversee it.

While you're telling the boss "I don't know" he's thinking up someone else who probably does know.

Cheerful environment has today come to be recognized as having an actual cash value.

What we grumble at as the kicking of fault-finders is very often in reality the knocking of opportunity.

In business, as elsewhere, a sound without a strong, inspiring leader makes a regiment, but a rabble! And don't forget it, a rabble, invariably, sometime, somewhere, gets routed!

It is difficult, if not impossible, for anyone to hate another who is very much higher or very much lower than himself. When you find someone heartily hating another, you will find that in some way, or at some point, they are pretty much equals.—McClary's Magazine.

PROBATE NOTICE

Order for Publication Determination of Heirs

STATE OF MICHIGAN.

The Probate Court for the County of Crawford.

At a session of said court, held at the probate office, in the Village of Grayling, in said county, on the 30th day of July, A. D. 1917.

Present: Hon. Oscar Palmer, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Donald J. McGillis, deceased.

John J. McGillis having filed in said court a petition praying that said court adjudicate and determine who were at the time of his death the legal heirs of said deceased and entitled to inherit the real estate of which said deceased died seized, some of which was situated in the County of Crawford aforesaid.

It is ordered, that the 20th day of August A. D. 1917, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said Probate office, be and is hereby appointed for hearing said petition;

It is further ordered, that public notice thereof be given by publication of a copy of this order, for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in the Crawford Avalanche, a newspaper printed and circulated in said County.

OSCAR PALMER,
Judge of Probate.

(A true copy.)

OSCAR PALMER,
Judge of Probate.

8-2-3

We are agents for the Sunshine safety lamps. 300 candle power, costs 10¢ a night, guaranteed five years, turns common gasoline. Order today and have your stores and homes well lighted during the time the electric lights are out of commission.

Avalanche office.

Chronic Constipation.

It is by no means an easy matter to cure this disease, but it can be done in most instances by taking Chamberlain's Tablets and complying with the plain printed directions that accompany each package.

Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN.

The Circuit Court for the County of Crawford, In Chancery.
Bert Eagon.

Plaintiff.

vs.

Alice Eagon, Defendant.

In this cause, it appearing to the satisfaction of the court now here and by affidavit on file, that the defendant, Alice Eagon, is unknown and that it cannot be ascertained in what state or country she resides:

On motion of Glen Smith, attorney for plaintiff, it is ordered that the appearance of the said defendant, Alice Eagon, be entered in this cause within three months from the date of this order; and that in case of her appearance that plaintiff cause this order to be published in the Crawford Avalanche, a newspaper printed, published and circulated in said county, and that such publication be commenced within twenty days from the date of this order, or that order for six weeks in succession, or that the said plaintiff cause a copy of this order to be personally served on the said defendant at least twenty days before the time above prescribed for her appearance.

Dated June 28th, 1917.

NELSON SHARP,
Circuit Judge.

Examined, countersigned and entered by me.

Frank Sales.

Clerk.

GLEN SMITH,
Attorney for Plaintiff.

Business address Grayling, Mich.

7-5-7

HUMPHREY'S WITCH HAZEL OINTMENT

(OILPOUND)

For Piles or Hemorrhoids, External or Internal, Blind or Bleeding, Itching or Burning. One application brings relief. Price 25c, at all druggists or mailed.

Send Free Sample of Ointment to

SICK STOCK

BOOK on treatment of Horses, Cows, Sheep, Dogs and other animals, sent free. Humphreys' Homeopathic Veterinary Medicines, 155 William Street, N.Y.

WALL PAPERING and DECORATING

The latest and most approved designs for wall covering. Also all kinds of house painting.

EXPERT WORKMANSHIP

ORDERS PROMPTLY LOOKED AFTER

Conrad Sorenson

Painter and Decorator

Phone 611 Grayling

O. Palmer

ATTORNEY AT LAW

FIRE INSURANCE, and REAL ESTATE

Office in Avalanche Building

O. P. Schumann

Justice of the Peace

At Avalanche Office